

## Vegetation Monitoring Report – Pre-treatment

Greater Rio Grande Watershed Alliance

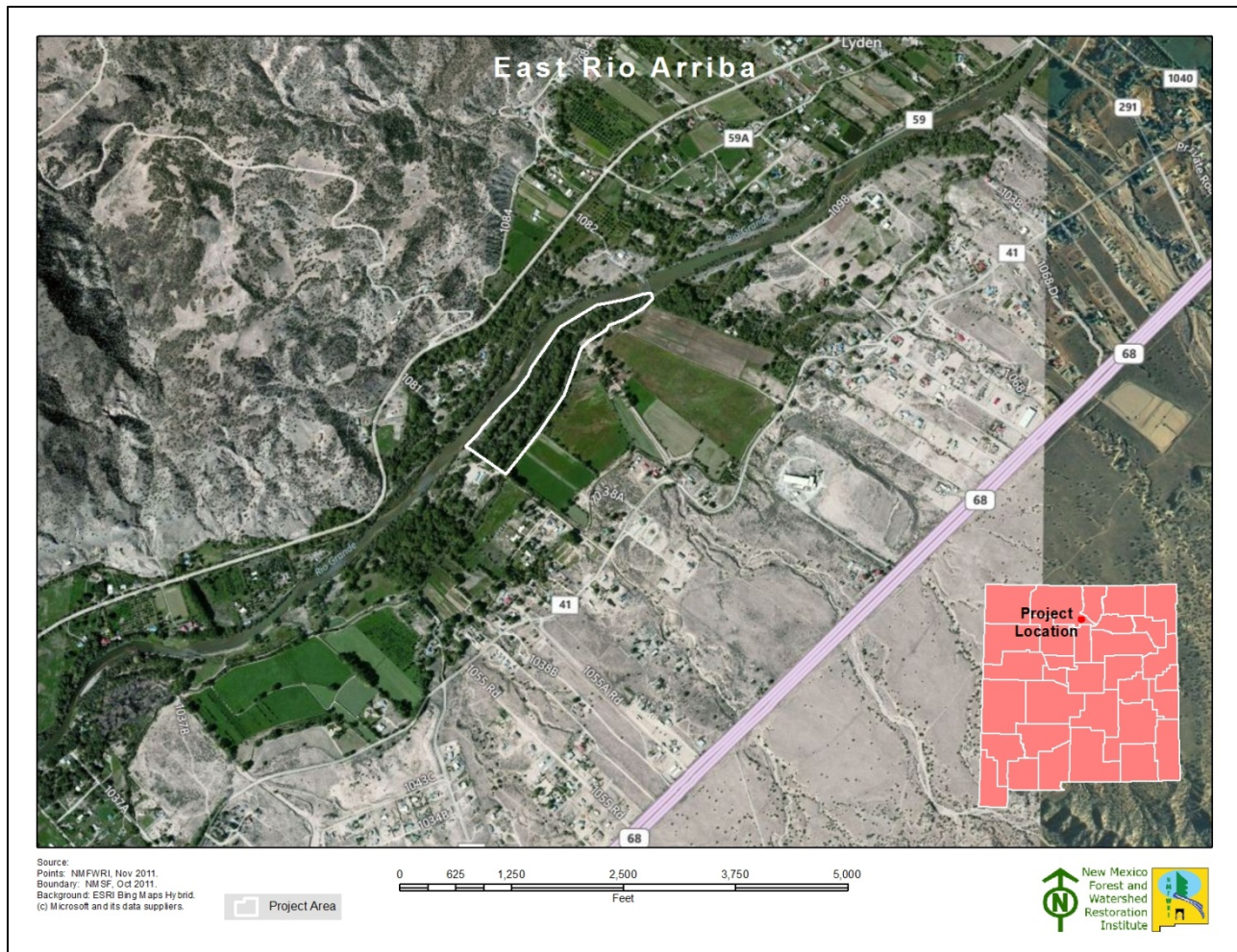
# East Rio Arriba SWCD Project Site

Acequia de Alcalde North Diversion

June 2012

### Background:

Vegetation monitoring was conducted at this site on December 1, 2011 as part of a restoration project targeting non-native phreatophytes scheduled for winter 2011 – 2012. The project is located within Rio Arriba County, NM, north and east of the city of Española (see Figure 1 below). The project was sponsored by the East Rio Arriba Soil and Water Conservation District. Restoration goals are to restore the area for wildlife with a mix of native species, to restore the area to a more natural condition with a more open canopy, and to remove exotic high water consumption plants to increase water presence in low-lying areas and drainages. (Stropki et al., 2010).



*Figure 1. Project Location*

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**Monitoring team:**

Joe Zebrowski                      New Mexico Forest and Watershed Restoration Institute

Jill Wick                              New Mexico Department of Game and Fish

Marcos Valdez                      East Rio Arriba SWCD

**Procedures:**

Due to the short timeframe between project selection and implementation, only a narrow window was available to perform monitoring and that window was outside the optimum season for performing vegetation monitoring in this type of landscape. For that reason, a hasty monitoring protocol was developed. This protocol was based on placing photo point plots at locations distributed across the project area and representative of the diversity of the project area. In addition, an estimate of ground and canopy cover by percent within a 1/10 acre circular plot centered at the photo point was determined using ocular estimates. Overstory canopy was determined for a 1/10 acre circular area, also centered at the photo point. Finally, a Hink & Ohmart style vegetation structure assessment was performed. Vegetation species that were observed at each plot and in the project area were recorded. The plot size and density of observations limit the utility of this monitoring for describing overall site conditions or for generating any meaningful statistics.

Cover (%)											
Tree canopy	Seedlings/saplings <5'/5 – 15'		Shrubs		Gramanoid	Forbs	Litter	Bare Soil	Rock	Gravel	Water or wet soil

*Figure 2. Categories used for percent cover estimates.*

A base map of the project location was constructed using project boundary data provided by New Mexico State Forestry. Planned photo points were selected by visual inspection of May 2011 true-color digital orthorectified aerial photography obtained from the United States Department of Agriculture (<http://datagateway.nrcs.usda.gov/>). A GIS file for the photo point plots was created using ArcGIS software. Coordinates were derived from the GIS file and loaded into a Garmin GPS 60 CSx Global Positioning System and a Trimble 2005 GeoXM Global Positioning System. The Garmin GPS was used to navigate to the general location of the planned photo point. The actual location of the photo point was determined by visual inspection of the area and selection was based on the ability to physically occupy a position at or near the planned point. The coordinates of the photo point were then collected using the more precise Trimble GeoXM GPS.

Date _____	Recorder _____	UTM • E N _____	Polygon ID Waypoint _____	H&O Classification:
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	TYPE 1	TYPE 2	TYPE 3	TYPE 4
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ 40'				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ 35'				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ 30'				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ 25'				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ 20'				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ 15'				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ 10'				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ 5'				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%				

**SPECIES:**

A = False Indigobush ATX = Fourwing Saltbush B = Baccharis (sheep willow) BD = Broom Dalea C = Cottonwood CAT = Cattail CR = Creosote CT = Catalpa CW = Coyote Willow HL = Honey Locust HMS = Honey Mesquite J = Juniper	LC = New Mexico Locust LY = Wolfberry MB = Mulberry NMO = New Mexico Olive RO = Russian Olive SB = Silver Buffalobery SBM = Screwbean Mesquite SC = Salt Cedar SE = Siberian Elm SS = Sand Sage TH = Tree of Heaven TS = Threelaf Sumac TW = Tree Willow
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	TYPE 5	TYPE 6
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%		
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%		
_____ 15'		
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%		
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%		
_____ 10'		
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%		
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%		
_____ 5'		
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%		
_____ □ 25-75%    □ 75-100%		

Most of the project area is densely wooded, with a thick, multi-tiered understory. A few grassy opening with scattered shrubs exist. Plots ERA\_1 through ERA\_3 are in wooded areas characterized by nearly 100% canopy cover and a surface covered by leaves, litter, and downed woody material. Grass and forb coverage was sparse, possibly due to heavy shading and litter cover. Since monitoring was done so late in the fall, sparse forb and grasses cover may also be attributed to seasonal dormancy. These plots were assessed to fall in Hink & Ohmart Structure Class 3. Plot ERA\_5 was in an open area, with a clump of Coyote Willow nearby, but off the plot. It was assigned a Hink & Ohmart Structure Class 6, adjacent to Structure Class 1. Identification of forb, grass and some shrub species was impacted by the limited plant identification skills of the monitoring team and by the season.





Figure 4. Close up view (pre-treatment) of project area showing plot locations.

PT_ID	Horz_Prec (meters)	Std_Dev	Northing	Easting	Longitude	Latitude
ERA_1	6	0.006378	3999703	408799	106.0136586	36.13775319
ERA_2	1.9	0.000831	3999669	408686	106.0149042	36.13743591
ERA_3	2.8	0.001049	3999554	408562	106.0162749	36.13639042
ERA_4	2.1	0.000436	3999429	408495	106.0170049	36.13525323
ERA_5	1.9	0.001449	3999268	408377	106.0182957	36.13379047

Northing and easting; NAD 1983 UTM Zone 13  
Longitude and Latitude: World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84)  
Data collected with Trimble GeoExplorer 2005 GeoXM, post-processed with Trimble Pathfinder Office software.

Figure 5. Plot coordinates.



**Species observed:**

Grasses		Forbs	
<i>Scientific name</i>	Common name	<i>Scientific name</i>	Common name
<i>Agropyron cristatum</i> (L.) Gaertn.	Crested wheat grass	<i>Opuntia</i> spp.	Prickly pear
		<i>Cylindropuntia</i> spp.	Cholla
		<i>Machaeranthera tanacetifolia</i>	Purple Aster
		<i>Centaurea</i> spp.	Knapweed
		<i>Xanthium spinosum</i>	Spiny Cocklebur
		<i>Salsola kali</i> L. ?	Russian Thistle ?
		<i>Bassia scoparia</i> (L.) A.J. Scott ?	Kochia ?
		Moss	

Shrubs		Trees	
<i>Scientific name</i>	Common name	<i>Scientific name</i>	Common name
<i>Fallugia paradoxa</i>	Apache Plume	<i>Populus deltoides</i>	Cottonwood
<i>Gutierrezia sarathrae</i>	Broom Snakeweed	<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>	Russian Olive
<i>Ericameria nauseosa</i>	Rubber Rabbitbush (Chamisa)	<i>Juniperus monosperma</i>	One-seed Juniper
<i>Forestiera pubescens</i> Nutt.	New Mexico Olive	<i>Tamarix Chinensis</i>	Salt Cedar
<i>Salix exigua</i> Nutt.	Coyote Willow	<i>Ulmus pumila</i>	Siberian Elm

*Figure 6. Species observed.*



*Figure 7. Typical ground cover in densely wooded sites.*

## Conclusions and Recommendations:

Monitoring of this and other Greater Rio Grande Watershed Alliance project sites was constrained by time and resource availability. Due to these constraints, it was determined that the hasty method described in the Procedures section above would provide the minimum information necessary to determine the effectiveness of these treatments. Plot photos, in particular, will provide a good reference for assessing post treatment conditions. Monitoring crew members had limited skills in plant identification and Hink & Ohmart Structure Class determination. Vegetation identification was further complicated by the fact that most of the grasses and forbs were dormant. Despite these limitations, the monitoring adequately described the tree species variety and the overall site characteristics. Supplemental pre- and post- treatment photos are included in Horizon Environmental Services, Inc. East Rio Arriba Site Final Report, attached. This report also includes a description of the work accomplished and the methods used. Reports such as this should be required for all projects.

New, more robust monitoring protocols are being developed by the New Mexico Forest and Watershed Restoration Institute. These new protocols will be used for post-treatment monitoring and on future Greater Rio Grande Watershed Alliance projects. Monitoring crews will be provided training in the use of these new protocols. Future crews should also be provided with training in riparian plant identification and Hink & Ohmart structure class determination.

## References:

Cartron, J.-L., D.C. Lightfoot, J.E. Mygatt, S.L. Brantley, and T.K. Lowrey. 2008. *A Field Guide to the Plants and Animals of the Middle Rio Grande Bosque*. University of New Mexico Press, Albuquerque.

Horizon Environmental Services, Inc. 2012. *East Rio Arriba Site Final Report*.

Stropki, C., V. Williams, and M. Pease. 2010. *East Rio Arriba Soil and Water Conservation District Riparian Restoration Conservation Plan*. SWCA Environmental Consultants. Albuquerque.

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2012. *Plants Database* (<http://plants.usda.gov>)



**Project:** East Rio Arriba  
**Project Unit:** n/a  
**Plot:** ERA\_1

<b>Date:</b>	12/1/2011
<b>Time:</b>	1050
<b>Plot size:</b>	1/100

<b>Cover (%)</b>											
Tree canopy	Seedlings/saplings <5'/5 – 15'		Shrubs		Gramanoid	Forbs	Litter	Bare Soil	Rock	Gravel	Water or wet soil
100	0	15	0	10	2	0	90	3	0	0	0

**Hink & Ohmart Class:** 3

**Species observed:**

Grasses	Forbs	Shrubs	Trees
		<i>Forestiera pubescens</i> Nutt.	<i>Populus deltoides</i>
			<i>Ulmus pumila</i>
			<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>

**Comments:**

None.

## ERA\_1 Plot Photos



May 2011 Aerial View, Circle = 1/10 acre



Plot Center from North



Looking East from Plot Center



Looking South from Plot Center



Looking West from Plot Center



Looking North from Plot Center



**Project:** East Rio Arriba  
**Project Unit:** n/a  
**Plot:** ERA\_2

<b>Date:</b>	12/1/2011
<b>Time:</b>	1110
<b>Plot size:</b>	1/100

<b>Cover (%)</b>											
Tree canopy	Seedlings/saplings <5'/5 – 15'		Shrubs		Gramanoid	Forbs	Litter	Bare Soil	Rock	Gravel	Water or wet soil
91	0	25	3	8	0	1	98	1	0	0	0

**Hink & Ohmart Class:** 3

**Species observed:**

Grasses	Forbs	Shrubs	Trees
		<i>Forestiera pubescens</i> Nutt.	<i>Populus deltoides</i>
		<i>Ericameria nauseosa</i>	<i>Ulmus pumila</i>
			<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>
			<i>Juniperus monosperma</i>

**Comments:**

Lots of downed woody debris.

## ERA\_2 Plot Photos



May 2011 Aerial View, Circle = 1/10 acre



Plot Center from North



Looking East from Plot Center



Looking South from Plot Center



Looking West from Plot Center



Looking North from Plot Center



**Project:** East Rio Arriba  
**Project Unit:** n/a  
**Plot:** ERA\_3

<b>Date:</b>	12/1/2011
<b>Time:</b>	1143
<b>Plot size:</b>	1/100

<b>Cover (%)</b>											
Tree canopy	Seedlings/saplings <5'/5 – 15'		Shrubs		Gramanoid	Forbs	Litter	Bare Soil	Rock	Gravel	Water or wet soil
99	5	25	1	0	36	2	60	2	0	0	0

**Hink & Ohmart Class:** 3

**Species observed:**

Grasses	Forbs	Shrubs	Trees
	<i>Centaura spp.</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>
	<i>Xanthium spinosum</i>		

**Comments:**

None.

## ERA\_3 Plot Photos



May 2011 Aerial View, Circle = 1/10 acre



Plot Center from North



Looking East from Plot Center



Looking South from Plot Center



Looking West from Plot Center



Looking North from Plot Center



**Project:** East Rio Arriba  
**Project Unit:** n/a  
**Plot:** ERA\_4

<b>Date:</b>	12/1/2011
<b>Time:</b>	1210
<b>Plot size:</b>	1/100

<b>Cover (%)</b>											
Tree canopy	Seedlings/saplings <5'/5 – 15'		Shrubs		Gramanoid	Forbs	Litter	Bare Soil	Rock	Gravel	Water or wet soil
94	0	8	0	1	15	1	84	0	0	0	0

**Hink & Ohmart Class:** 3

**Species observed:**

Grasses	Forbs	Shrubs	Trees
			<i>Populus deltoides</i>
			<i>Ulmus pumila</i>
			<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>
			<i>Juniperus monoosperma</i>

**Comments:**

None.

## ERA\_4 Plot Photos



May 2011 Aerial View, Circle = 1/10 acre



Plot Center from North



Looking East from Plot Center



Looking South from Plot Center



Looking West from Plot Center



Looking North from Plot Center



**Project:** East Rio Arriba  
**Project Unit:** n/a  
**Plot:** ERA\_5

<b>Date:</b>	12/1/2011
<b>Time:</b>	1210
<b>Plot size:</b>	1/100

<b>Cover (%)</b>											
Tree canopy	Seedlings/saplings <5'/5 – 15'		Shrubs		Gramanoid	Forbs	Litter	Bare Soil	Rock	Gravel	Water or wet soil
11	0	0	20	0	15	15	44	1	0	25	0

**Hink & Ohmart Class:** 6/1

**Species observed:**

Grasses	Forbs	Shrubs	Trees
	<i>Opuntia spp.</i>	<i>Fallugia paradoxa</i>	<i>Populus deltoides</i>
	<i>Cylindropuntia spp.</i>	<i>Gutierrezia sarathrae</i>	<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>
	<i>Machaeranthera tanacetifolia</i>	<i>Ericameria nauseosa</i>	<i>Juniperus monoosperma</i>
			<i>Tamarix Chinensis</i>

**Comments:**

None.

## ERA\_5 Plot Photos



May 2011 Aerial View, Circle = 1/10 acre



Plot Center from North



Looking East from Plot Center



Looking South from Plot Center



Looking West from Plot Center



Looking North from Plot Center