Introduction

Through the efforts of CRM archaeologist and NMHU graduate student, Jeremy Begay, Tamara Billie, senior archaeologist at the Navajo Nation Heritage and Historic Preservation Department (NNHHPD), and Victoria Evans, NMHU Laboratory Director, NMHU students were allowed to conduct archaeological research on a pre-Columbian pueblo site on Navajo Nation land. The pueblo has a strong Mesa Verde component, nearby farmsteads, and a neighboring great kiva. Diagnostic pottery includes Mesa Verde, Cibola Black-on-white, Chuska ware, and White Mountain Red Ware. Diagnostic ceramics found on all sites were used to roughly date the chronology of the site. These included Mesa Verde, Cibola Black-on-white and various corrugated ceramics. Out of all the ceramics identified, there were several trade wares including Tsegi Orange ware, White Mountain Red Ware, and various types from the Chuska Valley. Ceramics dated from Basketmaker III through Pueblo III. The Gadii’ahi sites had various types of lithic material including chert, quartzite, quartz, basalt, chalcedony, Brushy Basin Chert, Norkona Roca Chert, and petrified wood. Tools and unusual artifacts include a late PII–early PIII projectile point, two possible Tchamahia artifacts.

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